THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

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☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The President on Reconstruction---His Idea of Loyalty---The Constitutional Oath the True Test.

[CORRESPONDENCE RICHMOND EXAMINER.]

WASHINGTON, May 5, 1866.

The President has placed before the country, in very distinct and positive terms, his own policy as to restoration. He, himself, authorized the statement published yesterday of the views which he expressed in the Cabinet meeting of the previous day, before which he brought the subject of the committee's report. Therefore, it is known to the country that the President has taken definite position, and will not be driven from it by Congress, even though it may act as a unit. The President insists that the representation from the eleven Southern States be admitted at once, and that no amendment to the Constitution should be proposed by Congress until the excluded States shall be represented, and thus have an opportunity to participate in any change of the organic law which may be devised. The President also insists that Senators and Representatives admitted should be loyal men, or men, to use his own phrase, whose loyalty is unquestionable. This does not mean the Congress test oath. Recent conversations of the President with some of the Southern members elect show that he considers that there is a wiser test of loyalty than that; and that loyal intent is all that he requires. I may take, as an example, the case of Judge Parsons, of Alabama. The President considers him as a truly loyal man, and in every respect worthy of admission to a seat in the Senate. But Judge Parsons was one among the many who, not perhaps originally in favor of secession, still went for it with the body of the people of his State and of the Confederate States. Mr. Seward has also expressed the opinion and wish that those members elect from the excluded South who are deemed loyal should be admitted without the Congress test oath. In other words, we must come back to the oath prescribed by the Constitution. Until that be done, the Union cannot be considered as having been restored.

From the Watchman

Great Openings for Capital and Enterprise.

MR. EDITOR: You have lived in North Carolina, and you will be able to indorse much of what is asserted in this communication.

The mineral character of the State is peculiar, and only our most eminently scientific men are aware of its importance.

According to the Geological Survey conducted by the late Dr. Emmons, and to the testimony of the best mineralogists in the United States, there is no State in the Union which contains in large quantities such a great variety of the precious and economical minerals; and I may mention, as part of the catalogue, the finer variety of quartz used for gems, burr-stones, porphyry of the best quality for gudgeons, grindstone-grits, hone-stones of the finest grain, fire-clay, soap-stone superior to any in the United States, roofing-slates, graphite or blacklead, in great quantities, hydraulic lime, alum, iron nearly everywhere, coal and copper, lead, silver, and gold over a large area.

Every one of these resources offers inducements to capital and enterprise; and with regard to many, no attempts have yet been made at development.

Some of these minerals need only skill and energy to render them productive, and others offer new and inviting fields to capital.

Just now, *petroleum* seems to be the most attractive subject to men of wealth, and the auger is penetrating every coal-field in America except those in North Carolina.

Has it never occurred to any that there may be oil in the old North State?

There are two coal formations in North Carolina, and the coal in each is semi-bituminous; and the writer knows from personal examination, and by experiments in his presence by the late Dr. Emmons, that even the shales of the Deep River bed are rich in oil, and that kerosene may be distilled from them with little effort.

It is the opinion of Commodore Wilkes, who thoroughly surveyed this region, that it contains petroleum; and I know that Dr. Emmons regarded it as one of the best openings for capital in all the world. Other gentlemen, equally eminent for science, have concurred in this opinion, and everything considered, I am surprised that the petroleum hunters have not been along.

Here is a new, unoccupied field. Here are fortunes waiting to be gathered. Who will be the first and lucky explorers? N. C.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION OF KENTUCKY.—This body, which met at Louisville last week, adopted resolutions declaring warm attachment to the Union; that Congress has no right to deprive any State of representation in Congress; that the question of suffrage belongs exclusively to the States; that we recognize the abolition of slavery as an accomplished fact, but earnestly assert the right to regulate the political status of the negroes in Kentucky; that the *habeas corpus* writ should have been fully restored when the war ended; that large standing armies are not to be tolerated in peace times; that taxation should be made equal, and government securities *not* exempt; that thanks are due to President Johnson for his late vetoes, and to our representatives in Congress for their course. The resolutions conclude with a declarstion that they have met not to foment discord, but to heal dissensions, preserve the Union, restore the government to its ancient purity, secure the rights of the citizens, and to "rescue the government from the vandal grasp of that radical Congress, whose governing principle of action is 'rule or ruin,'" &c.

"No session of Congress, not even when the Radicals first came into power and were rabid with long fasting, has ever exhibited such brazen nepotism. There is no telling how many sons and newhews of Senators and Representatives occupy those minor positions, such as messengerships, and places as packers and porters; but among the published names, Thaddeus Stevens, Jr., is one of the clerks of the House; Benj. Trumbull is clerk of the Judiciary Committee, of which Senator Trumbull is chairman; and that great lover of his country, Clark, of New Hampshire, has a nephew who is clerk of his committee, and a son who holds one of the Senate gallery doors."—*New York World.*

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1866. NO. 229.

A CARD

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville Street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store

J. BROWN.

No. 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

SPRING TRADE 1866.

LARGE ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK OF

Miscellaneous Hardware.

WOOD WARE.

CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE,
HOLLOW WARE,
TIN WARE,
SWEDES & AMERICAN IRON,
STEEL,
A COMMANDING STOCK OF BUGGY MATERIALS.
LAMPS, LANTERNS,
LAMP WICKS & CHIMNEYS,
KEROSENE OIL,
WHITE LEAD & OTHER PAINTS,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
LINSEED OIL,
WINDOW GLASS FROM 8 x 10 to 30 x 36,
PUTTY,
AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF BUILDERS MATERIALS,
LOCKS & NAILS,
FAMILY GROCERIES, &
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
TWENTY COOKING STOVES OF VARIOUS APPROVED PATTERNS,
PLATED KNIVES,
FORKS,
TEA & DINNER SPOONS,

Call and examine our stock,

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, April 9-204-3m

SPRING GOODS

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.

Would respectfully call attention to their New stock of

Spring And Summer.

DRESS GOODS.

Ladies Trimmed Hats,
Bonnets, Shawls, Balmorals,
White Goods, Hoop Skirts,
Hosiery, Insertings,
Edgings, Laces &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Boots, Shoes and Hats,
JEANS, TWEEDS AND SATINETTS,
Sugar, Coffee and Tea.

Bourbon Whiskey, French Brandy and Holland Gin.

Raleigh N. C.

March 20-187-tf

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N. C.
WITH
Hood, Bonbright & Co
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.

Nov. 9-79 6m.

WATSON'S GALLERY!
PHOTOGRAPHS—THE ART CONTINUES TO IMPROVE.

I HAVE the pleasure to announce to the citizens of Raleigh, and North Carolina, that, in addition to the many beautiful styles of Photographs, that I am now making that most beautiful of all pictures,

PORCELAIN,

or Albatype. They are as fine as ivory paintings.—Call and examine specimens.

J. W. WATSON,

Raleigh April 5-201-tf

BOARD!

MRS. W. R. RICHARDSON can accommodate several members of the approaching Convention, or others, with board and with good rooms. Her residence is in one of the most pleasant and beautiful portions of the City, North of the Capitol and near the Episcopal rectory.

Raleigh, April 27-10t

THE LOST CAUSE.

A RELIABLE SOUTHERN HISTORY OF THE WAR.

BY

E. A. POLLARD.

ROBERT WILSON, of Charleston, is the General Agent for North and South Carolina. Good and responsible agents are wanted to engage in the sale of this work. For terms and territory, address the General Agent, Post-office Box 509, Charleston, S. C.

May 1-2w

A NEW PAPER.

I propose to commence, at an early day, the publication of a Daily Paper, in the City of Raleigh, to be called the "CITY INDEX." It will be published on the plan of a *Penny paper* but not quite so cheap, for the present. It will be delivered daily by Carriers, and must be paid for weekly.

The INDEX will be published as a *news* paper, and will have nothing to do with parties, politics or politicians. It will give the latest news, general and commercial; local and State items; poetry, anecdotes, marriages and deaths.

The terms of subscription and advertising will be put at the lowest notch, and will be published in the first issue of the paper.

JAMES H. MOORE.

May 2-tf

TO FARMERS & PLANTERS.

Ford's Phosphate or Fertilizer.

We have just received a consignment of 50 Barrels of this celebrated Fertilizer, which we will sell to Farmers and Planters on liberal terms.

It is said to be as good a Fertilizer as any in the Market, and to bring as good crops, tried side by side with *any*, even Peruvian Guano, and to be suitable for Cotton, Corn, Tobacco &c

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

April 30-tf

WE STRIVE TO PLEASE.

FARRIS & LACK.

MERCHANT TAILORS & CLOTHERS,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.

Have just received their Spring stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS,
CAPS,
SHIRTS,
COLLARS,
CRAVATS, AND
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

These Goods were purchased at low rates for CASH, and will be sold at prices which will enable us to live and let our patrons live.

If you want Fine French Cloths and Cassimeres call at FARRISS & LACK'S.
If you want fine German or American Goods, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want good Ready Made Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want Cheap Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want good Clothing made in good Style, call at FARRISS & LACK'S

We say nothing of our STYLE AND TASTE as we prefer that our work should speak for us and not we should speak for our work. We refer any one desiring information on this point to our patrons.

We do not say we have more goods than any one else, and that we will sell lower than any one else, but we do say we have a good stock, and are receiving weekly accessions thereto. We will say further that we have bought these goods and intend to sell them.

If you want bargains, GIVE US A CALL.

Cotton, Corn, Bacon, Flour and Lard taken in exchange for Goods.

GIVE US A CALL.

April 7-203-tf FARRISS & LACK.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, April 6th, 1866.

The Public are informed that the speed over this road has been increased and close connections are made with all trains going North & South. Passengers do not change Cars from Charlotte to Weldon.

To Baltimore, and other Cities North, the fare is as low as by any other route and time as quick.

Through tickets to all places North by both Petersburg, and Richmond and Washington City and Norfolk and Bay Steamers, and to the Principal in the North West, via Baltimore & Ohio Rail road—Baggage checked through. To Shippers very great inducements are offered. It is the quickest, safest, and as cheap as by any other route. Freight is shipped through without breaking bulk from Charlotte to Norfolk. The connections at Norfolk with Superior Ocean Steamers commend this route to all interested in shipping.

A. JOHNSON,
Raleigh, April 9-204-1m Sup't.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,
WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!
JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the 'Genuine Salamanders' has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs) Wilmington, N. C.
Dec. 4-100-tf.

SALISBURY BRASS BAND

REORGANIZED 1st January, 1866, on a larger scale than formerly, under the direction of its former tutor, W. H. NEAVE, who was also chief music writer and Band Teacher in Gen. Lee's army. He will be assisted in leadship and direction by his brother, Ed. Neave, leader during the entire late war of Gen. Lee's best and most favorite band, viz: 4th N. C. The Band is composed of the best members of the old Band, together with the best members of several of the fine Bands trained by W. H. Neave, in camps, who have moved to Salisbury from all points in the State to follow their respective vocations and continue the study and practice of music. This Band will be a permanent institution for all State and festive occasions, and will equal the best to be found in the world, if sustained by those desiring a fine order of Brass and String music; if not, it must go down after this year.

W. H. Neave is also agent for the celebrated Dodworth Brass instruments, proved and warranted to him, and by him to others; also, the most pleasing, effective and popular Piano music, selected by his friends, H. B. Dodworth and Kent Botsford, New York. For beginners, medium players, and advanced musicians, no trash for either.

Music composed and arranged to order for Parlor, Orchestral and Brass Band use for any kind and number of instruments.

Salisbury has been selected for Musical Headquarters for its central position.

N. B. Mere letters of enquiry for musical information, but with no view to business with Mr. Neave or Band, must contain two postage stamps.

March 15, 183, tf

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,
Commission Merchants,
No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and faithful attention.

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Steel, Greensboro, N C E Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R 67-6m.

A. A. WILLARD,

Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Groceries and General Merchandize,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 30 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO

Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear Greensboro.
Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq, Washington, N C.
Messrs. James Conner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 127, 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of

Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs Dowley, Corners & Co., New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

MERCHANDIZE

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of

GROCERIES,

kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES, with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—key weighing only one-quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown-Sheeting,

for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C
January 26, 142, 6m.

CORN! CORN!!

5000 Bushels prime White Corn in Store, and for sale by A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179-tf Wilmington N. C.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

700 Bbls. Fine, Super and Family, now landing and daily expecting. For sale by A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179-tf Wilmington, N. C.

Cuba Molasses.

100 hogsheads and barrels, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Cotton Yarn and Sheetings.

75 BALES for sale by A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Bacon.

5000 POUNDS of Shoulders, bright and dry, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2 148, tf

Candles.

150 BOXES "Adamantine" for sale by A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

SITUATION WANTED!

A YOUNG LADY, who can give the highest possible references, and is well qualified to teach the elementary and higher English branches of education, desires a situation as Teacher.

Applications addressed to the Editors of the SENTINEL, making known terms, &c., will receive immediate attention.

April 23-tf.

NO. 1 LEAF LARD!

2000 pounds N. C. Leaf Lard.
In Store and for Sale by DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17-tf

NORTH CAROLINA BACON!

15,000 lbs., on hand, for sale by DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17-tf

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!!

One HUNDRED BARRELS of good Flour in store DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17-tf

MOLASSES!!

We HAVE ON hand 300 gallons of No. 1 SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES. DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, April 17-tf

A LARGE LOT OF OLD

NICK WILLIAMS WHISKEY,

In ten and five gallon kegs, just received

ALSO

Several barrels and ten and five gallon kegs of BITTING'S Yadkin County Whiskey. We have also on hand Conrad's Corn Whiskey, and Apple and Peach Brandy.

April 14-tf COOPER & MOORE.

A MARBLE FRONT
AT HILLSBORO'.

WE ARE opening the finest Stock of French, British and Austrian Goods, ever seen. Samples sent to Students, at X Road prices.

NOT MARBLE FRONT PRICES!

Money received on deposit at 6 per cent. Gold subject to draft at 30 days interest from date of receipt. Reference everybody. We have never suffered a protest on our Paper. N. C. old sixes on deposit draw 3 per cent in U. S. Currency per annum.

BROWN, PARKS & CO.

mar 22, 189 tf

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or Insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 13 81-tf.

FOR SALE.

10,000 lbs. Old Steel in lots to suit farmers for plantation work, as cheap or cheaper than Iron and much better. Apply to

J. C. R. LITTLE, Store Keeper.
ALBERT JOHNSON,
Raleigh, April 9 tf Gen'l Sup't R. & G R. R. Co
Standard and Progress copy tf.

1866.

ATTRACTIVE SPRING STOCK OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Trade to our very desirable and choice stock of

American and British Fancy Dress Goods,

among which may be found the latest styles *imported this season*, together with an extensive assortment of superior

STAPLE GOODS,

AND

NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

We particularly call the attention of Merchants visiting this city to our large stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

and hesitate not to say that we are prepared to offer extra inducements. Our stock is new and fresh embracing a general assortment of desirable Goods—all recently purchased at reduced rates and will be offered at prices to suit the trade, at our Wholesale Ware Room on Second Floor of Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

where Capt. Edward Graham and Mr. John McNeece will be glad to see their old friends and the Trade generally.

McILWAINE & CO.

Petersburg, Va., March 15, 183 2m

McILWAINE & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

The subscribers respectfully offer their services to the TRADE NORTH and SOUTH, and to the PLANTERS of VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA, in the purchase and sale of

GROCERIES, COTTON,
TOBACCO, GRAIN, &c.

They trust, by strict personal attention to all business confided to their care, to secure a continuance of the confidence so liberally bestowed on the late firm of

McILWAINE, SON & CO.,

of which our senior was so long a member.

McILWAINE & CO.

ROBT. D. McILWAINE,
FRANK POTTS,
S. S. BRIDGERS.

Mr. EDWARD GRAHAM, of the late firms of McIlwaine & Graham and Hamilton & Graham, can be found with us, where he will be pleased to see his friends.

Petersburg, Va., Feb. 23,—166—6ms.

VANCE, DOWD & JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Having associated themselves together, will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg, Iredell, Catawba, Davidson, Rowan, Cabarrus and Union, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts.

Claims collected any where in the State.

Mar 30-196 tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier,*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Co lections made at all points in the State of North Carolina 56-1y

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

Insurance Company,

OF
New Orleans, Louisiana.

CAPITAL, - - - $565 000

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz; Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent.

Raleigh, Nov. 8 74 tf.

DAVID BARROW,

WITH

ZINN, DORRANCE & CO

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Nos. 80 & 82 Leonard Street,

(West of Broadway,)

NEW YORK.

Feb. 19, 162. 3ms

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES E JOHNSON, M. D., *President.*
HIRAM W. HUSTED, *Vice President.*
R. H. BATTLE, *Secretary.*

DIRECTORS.

CHARLES E. JOHNSON, EVERARD HALL
HIRAM W HUSTED, JAMES M. TOWLES,
WILLIAM R. JONES, QUENTIN BUSBEE,
CHARLES B. ROOT, JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAM H. McKEE, M. D WILLIAM R MILLER,
KEMP P. BATTLE, ALBERT JOHNSON,
R. H. BATTLE.

Policies issued payable after death, or when the Insurer shall attain a certain age, *free from the claims of creditors, if parties insure for the benefit of wife and children.* Premiums, over thirty dollars, may be paid half in cash and half in premium note on *Life Policies.*

Office of the company in the Bank of Cape Fear in Raleigh.

All communications for the office in Raleigh must be addressed to R. H. BATTLE, Sec'y

March 8 177 d3m. Raleigh N. C.

Coffee.

RIO and Java Coffee for sale by A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

THE SENTINEL.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitutes a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	3 weeks	$ 6.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	2 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

A. J. DEROSSET, WM. L. DEROSSET, GRAHAM DAVIS

DEROSSETT & CO.,

Formerly DeRossett & Brown.

(Established in 1839.)

General Commission Merchants,

No. 6 NORTH WATER ST.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

WILL give personal attention to the purchase and sale of Produce of every description, and to receiving and forwarding goods.

Feb 23, 166. 6m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

DAVIS & JONES,

GROCERS,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 26 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

consisting of

Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal, Corn, Copperas,
Buckwheat, Cheese,
Pickled Oysters,
Champagne, Ale
Porter, Bladder Snuff,
Soda and Butter Crackers,
Tea Cakes, Percussion Caps,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Wood and Wilow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,
Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c

We respectfully solicit consignments of

Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,
and
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention. DAVIS & JONES.

Feb 1. 3m147.

COTTON SEED! COTTON SEED!!

A fine lot of Extra quality Pomegranate COTTON SEED, one and two years old.

In Store and for Sale by DAVIS & JONES,
March 24-192-tf Raleigh, N. C.

10 FOUR or six horse Waggons, in good running order, for sale by DAVIS & JONES.
March 5, 174, tf

JACOB KULL & SONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va

November 23-91-6m-pd.

PUTNAM COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville Street,

Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,

Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders to COWPER & MOORE

Buckwheat and Early Garden Peas.

VERY superior Buckwheat at 7 per cents per pound by the 25 pounds. Early Washington and Marrowfat Garden Peas at 30 cents a quart.

COWPER & MOORE.

Feb. 24, 167, tf.

Houses and Lots for Sale.

ONE House and Lot on Hillsboro Street, seven room attached, and one on Halifax Street, 8 rooms and about one acre of land attached. Both houses in good order and well located.

Also, a lot of fine Yadkin County Whiskey just received. COWPER & MOORE.

Feb 23, 166, tf

DONT FORGET.

That OUR BLANKS—the greatest variety—for County officers, Lawyers and others, are gotten up in the best style, by one of the best Lawyers and most thorough business men in N. C. Large lot on hand.

April 14-tf COWPER & MOORE.

A. A. MOFFITT. W. D. MOFFITT. JOHN M'LAURIN

MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 4 South Water Street,

Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Jan. 27, 142. 6m

FOR SALE.

25 Barrels of Tar, in excellent order.

DAVIS & JONES,
March 24-192-tf Raleigh, N. C.

LORILLARD
FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,
OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $512,908.

C. NORWOOD, Prest, JNO C. MILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for sleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.

November 23-90-tf.

☞ Standard copy till forbid.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES. } Editors.

Tuesday, May 8, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month,	1 00
" two months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly, per year,	5 00
Weekly, per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

The State Convention.

This body will assemble, agreeably to adjournment, on the fourth Thursday, the 23rd. of the present month.

There was a propriety, at the time, in the adjournment of the Convention to a future day. An adjournment *sine die*, at that time, in view of the condition of affairs, would have been improper. Our altered condition since that period, however, has led many to enquire, for what purpose is the Convention to meet on the 23rd inst? If for nothing else, it is proper that the Convention meet in order to adjourn *sine die*. But it is asked, is there any business for which the Provisional Convention need now be called together, except to adjourn *sine die*? It has been intimated that that body might be convened to re-write and further amend the Constitution of the State, and it has been further intimated, that it might revise the acts of the late Legislature, or perform other acts of legislation.

The legitimate character and powers of the Convention can only be determined by the Proclamation of the President directing and authorizing its election. The authority by which he convened it was purely military, and to effect what could not be done in the regular constitutional way, because of the suspension of civil law by military power.

The President, in ordering the Convention, says in his proclamation that he thereby appoints:

"Wiliam W. Holden, Provisional Governor of the State of North Carolina, whose duty it shall be, at the earliest practicable period, to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for convening a Convention, composed of delegates to be chosen by that portion of the people of said State who are loyal to the United States, and no others, for the purpose of altering and amending the Constitution thereof, and with authority to exercise within the limits of said State all the powers necessary and proper to enable such loyal people of the State of North Carolina to restore said State to its Constitutional relations to the Federal Government, and to present such a Republican form of State Government as will entitle the State to the guarantee of the United States therefor and its people to protection by the United States against invasion, insurrection and domestic violence: Provided, That in any election that may be hereafter held for choosing delegates to any State Convention, as aforesaid, no person shall be qualified as an elector, or shall be eligible as a member of such Convention, unless he shall have previously taken and subscribed to the oath of amnesty as set forth in the President's proclamation of May 29th, 1865, and is a voter qualified as prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the State of North Carolina in force immediately before the 20th day of May, 1861, the date of the so-called ordinance of secession; and said Convention, when convened, or the Legislature that may be thereafter assembled, will prescribe the qualifications of electors and the eligibility of persons to hold office under the Constitution and laws of the State—a power the people of the several States composing the Federal Union have rightfully exercised from the origin of the government to the present time."

The foregoing, as we understand it, prescribes *all* the duties and *limits* the powers of that body, which are required and which it can claim. None of its powers are derived from the people of the State, except in so far as the election by the people of the State fully ratified the action of the President in convening it, prescribing its duties and limiting its powers. Those are as follows:

"A Convention composed of delegates to be chosen by that portion of the people of said State who are loyal to the United States, and no others, for the purpose of altering and amending the Constitution thereof, and with authority to exercise within the limits of said State all the powers necessary and proper to enable such loyal people of the State of North Carolina to restore said State to its constitutional relations to the Federal government," &c. All these duties, we understand, were performed, and all its powers were exercised at its first session.

Of this, there might have been some doubt, if the President had not, in his recent proclamation, declared that North Carolina had done all that was required of her, and that she was entitled to the full benefits of the Constitution of the United States. The fact that Congress expresses a different opinion, does not alter the case. The requirements of the Executive having been met and the objects for which he called the Convention having been fully accomplished, its duties and powers terminate, without any power in itself or in Congress to resuscitate that body. The Constitution of the State having been rendered consonant with the Constitution of the United States, and the Convention having performed all acts of legislation necessary to the rehabilitation or reconciliation of the State to the Federal government, it dies of itself, without the power of resurrection.

We are aware that the Convention has been called a "Constitutional Convention." But this appellation can in in no just sense be applied to it, except in so far as it was ordained to alter or amend the Constitution of the State, *only* to the extent of restoring the State to its constitutional relations with the Federal government.—This, the President says, has been done by the action of the Convention and of the Legislature.

If, in the history of events, which we do not anticipate, the policy of the President should be declared null and void, in that case a new Convention, according to the constitution of the State, must be convened.

We, therefore, conclude, that while there may be some few things which we might desire the Convention to do, our reflections upon the subject lead us to the belief, especially since the issue of the late proclamation of the President, that the powers of the State Convention are at an end. If, however, any of our legal friends think we are in error, we invite them to a discussion of the matter through our columns.

IT IS A THEORY peculiar to this age and country, that a people, who struggle manfully and heroically for what they believe to be right, are thereby rendered incapable of exercising the privileges or enjoying the rights of citizens.—With any other people than that portion of our own represented by the Radical element in Congress, such an effort at independence as that recently made by the South would have excited, at least, feelings of admiration. While they might disapprove or deplore the cause in which they were displayed, the bravery, the heroism, the fortitude and the endurance exhibited by our armies, as opposed to inexhaustible resources and overwhelming numbers, could not fail to stir every generous sentiment. But the party in power seem utterly incapable of understanding or appreciating such exalted considerations. It is principally against the very men, who exhibited these qualities, so high above their own grovelling and ignoble level, that their rage is directed. The Confederate soldier, who showed a devotion to duty and what he deemed right, of which these men are as incapable as they are of any other of the sublimer virtues, is a spectre that haunts their imagination still.

The concurrent testimony of all fair-minded and observing men is, that if any discrimination can be made in the loyalty of our people, it is in favor of that class of them who served in our armies. This is but a natural consequence. The men who peril their lives for an object, from a stern sense of duty, are always ready, when that object is unattainable, to accept the results of their failure. Besides they are the men who *felt* the power of the government, and who accordingly appreciate to its fullest extent the folly and madness of further resistance of opinion or of arms.

The attempt to exclude any portion of such men from the rights of citizenship in this country, while it will be a stigma forever upon those who propose it, will prove abortive. There lingers in the human breast an innate love of the lofty and the heroic, which will yet assert itself, and which all of Radical fury will be unable to extinguish. And whatever verdict history may pronounce upon the rightfulness of our struggle, it will rank the effort to make it successful as the grandest in its annals.

And when the nation, overcoming the impediments now thrown up by Radicalism, shall, in time, coalesce and become, in reality, *one*, it will be impossible to preserve the sectional character of many men, produced both by the North and South, during the late war. Posterity will never forget that such men as Lee and Jackson, with the same motives, had they been successful, would have taken rank with the men whom the world loves to honor. Finding that their chief demerit was a failure, posterity will not consent to overlook their virtues.

The True Reason.

Senator Sumner has pronounced the action of the Obstruction Committee to be ill-timed and premature. He reprimands the Committee for what he considers its haste, and in his remarks lets the cat out of the bag in this way:

"There is no occasion now for an issue to be presented. The election in Connecticut is over: The election in New Hampshire is over. *There are to be no elections before next autumn, and what is the occasion now for an issue to be presented to the country?*"

It is precisely and exclusively such considerations as are implied in this extract that influence the Jacobin leaders in their injustice and hostility to the South. They *know* that the South is sincere in its professions and that it is acting in good faith. They *feel* that the course of its representatives in Congress, if permitted to take their seats, would be so discreet and loyal, that the Radical party would disintegrate and dissolve within a year after their admission.

There is no sincerity in their schemes of reconstruction. They know that the South will not accept the abject and disgraceful conditions imposed, and this refusal they will make, for the meanest partisan ends, the pretext for indefinite exclusion. Their sole intent and purpose is to defraud the South of her political rights, in order to the maintenance of their vile party ascendancy, while holding her most rigidly to all her obligations under the Constitution.

THE PRESIDENT had an interview with a Texas delegation a few days since. He expressed the hope that the State of Texas, together with all the other States so recently in insurrection, would soon be restored to their normal condition in the Federal Government, and that their citizens, whilst bearing its burdens, would be admitted to a full participation in its blessings and protection. He said he had the utmost confidence in the ultimate restoration of the Union, and that time and patience would solve the problem.

Methodist General Conference.

But few items of interest in the proceedings of this body have attracted our attention since our last issue.

The Conference seems to have determined to elect only four new Bishops instead of six.

The Publishing House is to be continued at Nashville, Tenn.

Rev. Dr. Schon was re-elected Missionary Secretary, and the Mission House is to be located in Baltimore.

On the first balloting to change the name of the Church, there was a two-thirds vote in favor of "The Methodist Church." The result caused much dissatisfaction, and the vote was reconsidered, and it was finally agreed to call it "The Episcopal Methodist Church."

THE WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE of a Boston newspaper says that the South is overrun by emissaries from the North, who are encouraging the negroes to form secret associations "and to make public parades, demonstrations and celebrations." There is no doubt of the fact, and the recent bloody occurrences in Norfolk and Memphis are distinctly traceable to the covert influence of such mischievous counse's and to the action of the Congress and the Northern abolition press. The negroes, if left alone, would receive all proper protection in person and rights from those who are their natural friends, and there would be neither disturbance nor collision. It is impossible to predict what evils will happen under the fanatical pressure that is being brought to bear upon them daily.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF VALPARAISO.—The sensitive press of the North are greatly shocked and scandalized that a Spanish fleet should open a bombardment on a city belonging to a country with which Spain was at war,—continuing the bombardment for the space of *three hours*. We are glad to see that they have a word of execration for the barbarous act. It would have been more seemly, however, had they expressed a like horror for the barbarities practiced, during the war, upon helpless Southern cities. The bombardment of Charleston, during two long years, excited no such sympathy or indignation; indeed, when it was occasionally varied by Greek fire, the delight and enthusiasm grew to be unbounded!

NORTH CAROLINA SIXES were sold in New York, on the 4th., at 84.

We notice that they are selling in Norfolk at 83½. Notes of the Bank of North Carolina are bringing 28, Cape Fear 23, Merchants' 30, Roxboro 25, and Farmers' 20.

COTTON CROP.—We regret to learn that the stand of cotton in this County, which has been planted long enough to be up, is bad. The weather has been unfavorable to a good stand, but doubt is expressed in regard to the character of the seed.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

LENOIR CO., May 5, 1866.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—His Honor, Judge Warren, held the Spring term of the Superior Court of Law for the County of Lenoir, convening on the 3rd. Monday in April. The charge to the Grand Jury showed a thorough knowledge of the law and the duties of a grand jury. It was plain, and, I thought, to the point.

There were few cases tried, all the civil and some of the State cases being continued by consent.

On Wednesday, the Court took up the case of the State vs. Morris Darden, (moved from Wayne) who stood indicted for highway robbery, committed upon the person of Needham T. Perkins, Esq., a highly respectable citizen of the county of Wayne.

The facts, as brought out on the trial, seem to be these: Sometime in December last, or about the first of January, Mr. Perkins had occasion to go to Wilmington to sell, or get pay for, a lot of rosin sent there. On his return he got off the train at Pikesville, a few miles North of Goldsboro, about one o'clock at night, and started on his way home, walking alone. After proceeding some half-a-mile on his way, he was knocked down and badly beaten, his throat cut or attempted to be, his pockets rifled of their contents, amongst which was a pocket-book containing about twelve hundred dollars in money and some valuable papers. He was then left by the robbers, for dead, in the road; there seemed to be two or more concerned in the robbing.

The case was put to the jury, about mid-night on Wednesday night, and, after deliberating on the matter until Friday evening, without being able to make up a verdict, after a consultation between Mr. Solicitor Faircloth, of Wayne, on the part of the State, and Messrs. George V. Strong, John F. Wooten, W. G. Morrisey and James Everett, on the part of the defence, it was agreed to draw a juror and make a mistrial. Report says that a majority of th jurors favored the finding of a verdict of guilty against the prisoner. As the prisoner was remanded to jail, for trial at the next term of the Court, it would probably be improper to speak of the evidence in the case.

A Freedman was convicted, and publicly whipped, for taking a fancy to somebody's watch.

Judging from the number of witnesses and bills sent before the grand jury, somebody will catch it about next Superior Court.

The ability and patience manifested upon the part of His Honor, Judge Warren, during the entire session of the Court, won for him the approbation of all present.

I learn that at Jones Superior Court, held this week, four negroes were tried and convicted for breaking into and robbing the house of a Mr. Scoot, of that County.

Horse stealing and robbing has become the order of the day, or at least of common occurrence.

Unless there is something devised by which to put an end to these depredations committed by debased and degraded white men, and lazy, loafing negroes, *living in* this country will become very dangerous. One can scarcely sleep at night now, for fear of being called up and shot, or robbed, or burned up in his house by these villians.

While the South, the negro and the whole country remains cursed with the Freedman's Bureau, I fear that the condition of things will not be improved. The negro looks upon the Bureau as a license and perfect protection for him to commit all kind of depredations. Some degraded white men take advantage of the existing state of affairs to commit depredations on the negroes' credit. So it goes between the two conflicting powers, that of the military, in the shape of a Bureau agency, and the semi-civil authority, that the good citizens of the country stand about the same chance with the two cats that carried their case before Mr. Justice Monkey. C.

WASHINGTON, May 5.

Senate.—The open session to-day occupied about two hours. The proceedings were not of general importance. In Executive session the Senate confirmed, among others, the appointment of Lewis D. Campbell, Minister to the Republic of Mexico, and Robert L. Northcott, Postmaster at Clarksburg, West Virginia.

House.—The House passed the bill establishing the grade of General in the army, to which Lieutenant-General Grant will be undoubtedly appointed.

Raphael Semmes made a speech at a banquet given to him on his return to Mobile, in which he pleasantly alluded to the attentions shown him while in Washington as the "guest of the nation."

[From the New York Herald.]

THE SOUTHERN STATUS.

Bedford Brown, of North Carolina, on the Sentiments and Feelings of his People, &c.

WASHINGTON, May 3, 1866.

With the testimony submitted to Congress today is that of Mr. Bedford Brown, of North Carolina, formerly United States Senator and a member of the rebel Congress. Although he had served the people of North Carolina in a legislative capacity during the war, he had always been Union and non-secessionist in principle. He thinks two-thirds or three-fourths of the people of the State unitedly opposed to secession. The mass of the people at the time of Lee's surrender were more gratified than otherwise, because they saw that the result was inevitable. Many of them were for peace and believed there was no saftey out of the Union. They were gratified that the question had been settled in some way. Of late they had *become very despairing chiefly from the long delay in being admitted to the Union.* There is a wide feeling of discontent even now among Union men. The great mass of the people are exceedingly anxious to have the relations between the State and the federal government restored. Some few persons would, perhaps, be gratified by a foreign war, but the great mass are perfectly willing to live under the laws of the United States, provided they can have political equality with the other States. *The longer this is procrastinated the worse the feeling of discontent will become.* Some portions of the people, in the event of a war with Great Britain or France, would probably engage in another attempt at secession and the establishment of Southern independence; but a great majority would suppress such attempt if there were a reasonable expectation that they could be admitted to equal political rights in the Union. *The best way to remove this feeling of discontent among the people would be to declare the State a member of the federal Union* and admit her representatives to their seats, Congress, of course, judging of the members presenting themselves separately. Disloyal men should be excluded, but men should be admitted, even if the great majority of their constituents were actual disloyalists. The question of admission should depend rather upon the character and qualifications of the claimant than upon those of his constituents. If his district was manifestly disloyal, beyond all question it would perhaps be a justification for his exclusion. The witness thinks a majority of the people would be willing to pay the federal debt, though the taxpayers do not regard it as a pleasant subject. A very decided and overwhelming *majority would be opposed to the payment of the Confederate war debt.* He does not know of any combination, open or secret, to make further resistance to the government or to renew the war in any shape. He believes that Northern men going into North Carolina to invest capital in lands, manufactures, &c., would be received in a friendly manner and treated with justice in the State courts. The freedmen in his part of the State were acting very well, and the general sentiment among the farmers and planters is to treat them with fairness. There is a disinclination for promiscuous schools for whites and blacks; but the better class of people do not object to schools for blacks separately. The officers of the Freedmen's Bureau have generally been liberal towards both the freedmen and white people; but he hardly thinks there is any further necessity for maintaining the Bureau, as black men would stand as good a chance in the State courts as white men, if they were of good character, and there are no paticular prejudices against them. The poor whites are generally considered as having a higher claim to credibility than the negroes. Universal negro suffrage would be regarded as very objectionable and wholly inadmissible; but a good many persons would have no objection to seeing qualified negro suffrage. He does not think it possible to establish restricted suffrage among the whites, and think none of them would ever surrender the right to vote.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The reason why Gen. Frank Blair was rejected by the Senate as Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of St. Louis, has not transpired. Much surprise is expressed at this result, among others by General Grant, who says that to him the country is indebted more than to any other man, that Missouri was prevented from seceding. He spoke with earnestness of the important military services General (then Colonel) Blair at that time and since rendered the country.

The Standard takes umbrage at our stray remarks last week in regard to some of the prominent "reconstruction" gentlemen of our State, and especially does it think we did Mr. Dick injustice by saying that he voted against ratifying the ordinance of secession by a vote of the people, while his colleagues, Gilmer and Gorrell, voted for it. *The Standard* attempts to prove that we are mistaken by introducing evidence on quite a different matter. Mr. Dick has never, to our knowledge, denied the charge. Though *the Standard* does deny it in a sort of roundabout, circumlocution way, by proving "from the record" that Mr. Dick voted to have the *Constitution of the Provisional Government of the Confederate States* submitted to a vote of the people—"a horse of another color." It reminds us of a quaint old merchant we once knew in this town. "A lady called to know if he had any *corsets*. "No," he replied, "but I have some of the best *molasses* you ever saw."—*Greensboro Patriot.*

The Southern papers report great damage from the late storm of rain and hail, which seems to have been general from Texas to Georgia. All the rivers and bayous are out of their banks, and the crops will have to be replanted.

The Richmond Examiner says that since the elevation of the Honorable Joseph Mayo to the Chief Magistracy, that city has a marked immunity from rowdy rows, garroting and murderous assaults by mid-day and midnight. Vagabonds and thieves and knucklemen, who straggled there from the North after the evacuation, have taken the hint and pretty generally left.

THE WAY THE PEOPLE UNDERSTAND IT.—The South States claimed, and the North denied, the right to secede from the Union. Both believed they were right, and appealed to the arbitrament of war. The North conquered. The South accepted the result. Why, then, do we maintain that States which we said could not get out of the Union, *are out of it?*—*N. Y. Times.*

Bishop Andrew, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, has retired from the Episcopacy. He is over seventy years of age.

Gov. Hamilton, of Texas, has issued a proclamation for a State election under the new Constitution, on the 5th of June.

It is reported that Mrs. Stover, the President's daughter, is about to wed Edward Cooper, of Tennessee, the President's private secretary.

Judge Darrell, of the United States Circuit Court at New Orleans, before whom Gen. Canby was recently arraigned for contempt, has closed his court.

All persons in South Carolina holding notes or any kind of property sequestrated by the late Confederate authorities, have been ordered to report the same in writing to headquarters.

It took just fifteen minutes to find Probst, the Philadelphia murderer, guilty of murder in the first degree. He exhibited no emotion.

MARRIED.

On the 5th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. A M. McDowell, Lieut. JNO. A. MORGAN, of Hertford, Perquimans county, to Miss MARTHA P., youngest daughter of Mrs. Perry Carter, of Murfreesboro, N. C.

Richmond papers please copy.

At Rocky Mount, Edgecombe county, N. C., on the 1st inst., by Rev. Thos. G. Lowe, Capt. JOHN R. IVEY, to Miss SALLIE TURNER.

DIED.

At Rocky Mount, on the 2nd. of April, 1866, MR. JOSEPH RAMSAY, formerly of Plymouth, N. C., in the 54th year of his age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMAS BRAGG,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

May 8-3m.

BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The General meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on the second Thursday in June next, the 14th day of the month, at their Banking House in the City of Raleigh.

C. DEWEY, Cash.

Raleigh, May 8-2awtd

NORTH CAROLINA HERRINGS AND SHAD.

25 Barrels Silver Shad.
25 " Prime Cut Herrings.
25 " Choice Roe. "
25 Barrels " " "

Arriving this day at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Raleigh May 8-tf

SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

I have an extra set of the *Supreme Court Reports* of N. C. and also some extra copies of Standard LAW books, for sale. Persons who have not money, but who can give a good note, can purchase them.

Apply to

R. G. LEWIS,

Attorney at Law, Court House Square, Raleigh, N. C.

May 8-1t

PLAN AND SPECIFICATIONS.

For a building to be let by Contract in the town of Henderson, North Carolina.

DIMENSIONS: 100 feet x 40 feet. FOUNDATIONS, 2 feet deep; if necessary deeper until a firm foundation is reached. All over 2 feet to be paid for extra at the usual rate; 3 stories high, lower story 12 feet pitched; 2d. story 10 feet pitched; 3rd. story 8 feet pitch—Foundations 3 bricks thick, first story 2½ brick thick—2d. story 2 bricks thick—3rd. story 1½ bricks thick. Cornice of brick, project 3 feet, 1 brick thick, smooth walls inside and out. Lower floor 7 windows each side and 2 windows in each end, 16 light glass 10 x 14, door in each end 6 x 7, arch 2 feet spring over the door fronting the Railroad—2d. story 7 windows each side, 3 in each end, 15 light glass 10 x 12—3d. story 7 windows each side, 3 in each end, 12 light 10 x 12 glass. First floor 2 feet from the ground; girder running through the length of the building 12 by 12 inches; this to be supported by 8 brick wall 1½ brick thick, good foundation, with 7 openings, 3 feet each at regular intervals. Sixpers 4 x 12, not less than 4ds. heart pine 18 inches apart.

Plank for floor 1¼ inch thick, not less than 6 nor more than 8 inches wide, undressed, tongued and grooved—Timber heart and sap clear of knots—2d. floor girder running through the length of the building 10 x 12, supported by 6 pillars 10 x 10 dressed. 2 inch surface on edges, joist 3 by 10, 2 feet apart, sound pine timber; floor 1¼ inches thick, undressed, tongued and grooved, sound pine timber same as before—3d. floor girder through the length of the building, 8 by 10, supported by 6 pillars, 8 inches square dressed 1 inch surface on edges—joist 3 by 10, 20 inches apart, sound pine timber, floor 1¼ inches thick, tongued and grooved, undressed, same width as before. Roof supported by girder through the building, 6 x 8, supported by 6 pillars, 6 x 6, dressed. Joist 2 x 8, 2 feet apart, hip roof 16 feet pitch, rafters 3 x 6 at the foot, 3 x 4 at the crown, 2 feet a part—shingle roof, No. 1 Cypress, 6 x 22 inches, to show 6 inches. Tin gutters around the entire building, with a conducting pipe down each corner. Door frames 3 x 12, door sills 6 x 24, folding doors tongued and grooved, lattice, of 1 inch plank, wrought nails, all neatly dressed.

Window frames 2 x 8, sills 3 x 12, windows glazed, fitted and primed. 2 flights of steps to each floor going up from diagonal corners, half turn, 4 feet wide, 10 by 7 inches with railing, stairs dressed—Windows protected by 4 iron rods over each, rods ¾ in diameter, running up and down. This is for windows of 1st and 2d. floors only. Under 3rd. floor, 4 iron rods with 8 plates on out-side, running through the building, with nuts. Rods 1¼ inches in diameter. Arch over door filled with sash glazed and primed. All the above work to be executed in a plain, neat workmanlike style

J. H. LASSITER, Treasurer.

Henderson, May 8-6t
Petersburg Index copy 4t and send bill to J. H. L.

WANTED.

2 Good Wheel Wrights.
10 Good Carpenters.

Apply to

JAMES E. ALLEN,

May 5 3t At the N. C. R R Depot.

LADIES' ICE CREAM SALOON

HILLSBORO' STREET,

One Door North of the Exchange Hotel.

IN connection with our VARIETY STORE AND SODA FOUNTAIN, we have opened a neat and comfortable

ICE CREAM SALOON,

for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen

PRIVATE APARTMENTS

reserved for Ladies.

Confectioneries, Fruits,

and other VARIETIES, constantly on hand. We are determined to spare neither pains or expense in making our house, in all its departments, worthy of patronage.

A. R. RAVEN & CO.

Raleigh, May 5-eod2w

BURR MILL STONES AND BOLTING CLOTHS.

I keep constantly on hand a full supply of genuine German Anker Brand BOLTING CLOTHS, from No. 5 to No. 11, inclusive, and can supply them to Millowners as cheap as can be bought any where.

I have arrangements also to furnish French BURR MILL STONES to order, sizes from 3 to 5 feet.

R. G. LINDSAY,

May 4-eod1w Greensboro', N. C.

WILLIAM WEDDELL, ALEX. W. WEDDELL

WM. WEDDELL & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

of

Every Description.

113 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBUBG, VA.

Orders from our friends in North Carolina will be carefully filled and promptly forwarded. Merchants requiring our services will be accommodated upon reasonable terms. Feb 17, 161, 3m

HART & LEWIS,

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

"STEWART'S EXTENSION TOP,"

"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH,"

AND

"Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.

J. BROWN.

April 9 204-3m With HART & LEWIS.

15,000 SEGARS!

Which we offer for sale at cost.

ALSO, a small lot of DRY HIDES.

DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, May 1-tf

FOR SALE.

Pure Holland Gin,
" Jamaica Rum,
" Cognac Brandy for Medicinal purposes.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 7-tf Woolesale Grocers.

FOR SALE.

A large lot very good Flour.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 7-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE.

A Superior, Whiskey made in Robertson County, Tenn.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 7-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE.

A fresh arrival of Jeffrey's Sparkling Edinburg Ale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 7-tf

R. W. PULLIAM, W. H. JONES, GEO. W. SWEPSON

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

No 14. Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.

Raleigh N. C. May 1-tf

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

No. 14 Fayetteville St.

HAVE NOW in store a general stock of Groceries, which is offered to the trade at the lowest cash prices. They respectfully solicit orders from the merchants of North Carolina.

May 1 tf.

PEPPER, GROUND & GRAIN.

Spice, Ginger, Soda,

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 1-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

Rice in 50lb. Sacks.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 3-tf Whole Sale Grocers.

SYRUPS & MOLASSES IN KEGS & BARRELS

Brooms & Buckets by the dozen

May 3 tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

SUPERIOR N. C. BACON, (hog round)

Flour in ½ bbls.,

Best Edinburg and London Porter and Ale, by the dozen.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 3 tf

FINE CHERRY BRANDY—Substitute for Cherry Pectoral

Delicious Pine Apple in Cans,

Also Peaches and Plums

Strawberry and Lemon Syrups

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 3 tf

FOR SALE.

Very cheap, excellent Soap, by the Box

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May5-tf

FOR SALE.

Spun Cotton, at reduced rates. No. 8 to 12.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 5-tf

FOR SALE.

An excellent assortment of Hats Shoes and Boots, which we will close out very low to Merchants.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

May 5-tf

CALICO, 10 CTS. PER YARD.

BEAUTIFUL SPRING AND SUMMER

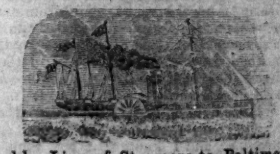
CALICOES, JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK.

J. KINSEY,

Raleigh, May 3-1w Fayetteville St.

BALTIMORE AND WILMINGTON

STEAMSHIP LINE!!



Weekly Line of Steamers to Baltimore!!

CONNECTING WITH STEAMERS TO

LIVERPOOL,
BOSTON,
NORFOLK,
RICHMOND, &c.

The A 1 Steamships

ELLIE KNIGHT!

AND

JAMES A. GARY!

These Steamers will Leave Wilmington and Baltimore alternately every SATURDAY, thus forming a regular WEEKLY LINE.

Goods forwarded from Baltimore without extra charge.

For freight or passage, having superior State room accommodations, apply to

ATKINSON & SHEPPERSON,

11 North Water Street.

Wilmington, April 23-3m

DISSOLUTION.

The Co-partnership of Battle, Heck & Co., is dissolved by mutual consent.

R. H. Battle, Jr., Esq., is authorized to wind up the business of the firm.

BATTLE, HECK & CO.

Raleigh, N. C. May 4-1w

Standard copy once

GOOD SECOND HAND COTTON MACHINERY FOR SALE!

FIVE 30 inch Cards, double fronts, well clothed and in good running order;

One Drawing Frame, 3 Heads, fair order;
One 16 Strand Speeder, fair order;
One Lap Machine, fair order.

Terms easy. Address,

THOMAS M. HOLT,

May 4 1m Haw River, N. C.

JOHN DAVIDSON,

LEATHER & HIDE DEALER,

No. 50 Sycamore Street.

PETERSBURG, VA.

All kinds of Leather for Boot & Shoe Makers, Saddlers and Harness makers constantly on hand.

Tanners supplied with Hides of the best quality on the most favorable terms.

May 4-3t

THE SENTINEL.

Tuesday, May 8, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

[Reported Expressly for the Sentinel.]

Trial of Major Jno. H. Gee.

SYNOPSIS OF TESTIMONY.

FORTY-SECOND DAY.

(CONCLUDED.)

SATURDAY, May 5, 1866.

Examination of W. H. Hauser, continued:—The regiments furnished a teamster for a team apiece. We were very short of teamsters. The commanding officer threatened to take the teams with an armed force. The Quartermaster said he had to haul wood into the prison and furnish the commissary with teams first. In a conversation between Capt. Goodman and Major Gee, in regard to Morfit's duties about building, Capt. G. said his idea was the same as Maj. Gee's, to build shelters without weather-boarding. He had been at Morfit to get huts or shelters of that kind. Heard Maj. Morfit say to Goodman that he out-ranked Maj. Gee, and should not receive orders from him, that he had written to the authorities at Richmond about it.

Major Gee seemed to feel that it was his duty to provide for the prisoners.

There was a cart kept in the prison all the time. A prisoner used to come after the mule for it. They used to make application in the evening for teams next day. When the pressure became great, I would go to see the issuing Clerk at the Commissary and try to get him to do with less, so as to furnish the prison with teams. The teams ran in the early part of the season until very late at night, hauling wood into the prison.

Major Morfit made application for lumber for bunks for the hospitals. When it was there, he got it, but there was very little lumber there.

Winder and Maj. Gee had a conversation for about twenty-five minutes. Winder said the place was not fit for a prison, that he was going to move them to South Carolina—not to go to expense.

Maj. Gee said they ought to be fixed there or moved at once. He urged the necessity of having quarters made for them, if they were to be kept there.

Maj. Gee wore a dark grey jacket, blueish grey pants and a slick cap. I think I never saw him with anything else on.

I have seen the prisoners of war buying things in town. The citizens complained a good deal of their taking the water out of the wells, and keeping them so muddy they could'nt use it. Capt. Goodman required me to make a weekly report of the animals serviceable or unserviceable.

(Here a report introduced by the prosecution as evidence, made by Capt. Goodman for the month of January 1865, was shown to witness.)

I presume it is correct. Think there are the correct number (69 horses and 79 mules.) That month we had as many as we ever had. I don't think they were all serviceable. We never had the full strength of our transportation at one time. I suppose we could have hitched up 3 fourths of them at one time. Some 4 or 5 of the two horse waggons were classed as 4 horse. That is the largest return we ever had.

Cross Examined.—It is my impression that they commenced hauling wood on the Railroad for prisoners about the last of October, 1864.—I heard no complaint next day from the working party about rations. We did not feed our animals. The stables we finished would hold about 60 or 70 animals—partly boarded up after the prisoners of war came there. I would have suffered if I had not had other food than my rations.

To Court.—The government distillery was about a mile from Salisbury. I think it was under charge of Dr. Johnson, at Charlotte.

Janet McCallum.—Salisbury. Was Hospital Matron. Recollect Gen. Gardner's coming to Salisbury. A group of officers was on the porch at headquarters, who said there were too many prisoners there then. Major Gee was among them. Gen. Gardner said "I'll be G—d d—d if they don't come."

There was no difference between the supplies for the hospital outside and inside. Witness applied to Major Gee for permission to take vegetables out of the garden at headquarters, which was granted, and she carried them into the prison in a dish-pan, and the prisoners took out handfuls as she went by them. This garden was afterwards turned over, by Major Gee, exclusively to Dr. Currey. Witness planted most of the seeds herself. Had convicts brought out to work it. The vegetables were distributed, as far as they went, without distinction.

I left either in the latter part of October or early in November 1864. Dr. Currey was a tall spare man, light complexion, blue eyes and side whiskers.

Major Gee came to visit the hospital on several occasions and enquired how we were getting along.

It was customary for the doctors to joke each other, saying M. S. stood for "manslayer" and such things.

At the time of the outbreak I was standing on Luke Blackmer's porch. I could see part of the prison. I heard a volley of musketry.—Heard a cannon shot—heard two more cannons. Heard scattering shots, not exceeding fifty.—Think it was not over five minutes. The shots were in quick succession.

The citizens said Maj. Gee was scared to death, and if it had not been for the citizens the prisoners would have got out, and that he did not let them fire.

The citizens, generally, complained that Maj. Gee allowed food to be bought for the prisoners and made it scarce in the town; chickens, eggs and butter were the only delicacies, and they were distributed among all the sick according to the diet-book.

Major Gee let the prisoners come to the wells for water and let them buy things, and that was the cause of the dislike of the people to him.

Cross Examined.—Witness goes to the map and points out the different hospital buildings.

I left the prison before the Yankee officers went away. I supplied bedding to only one hospital.

To Court.—All the prisoners who came from Castle Thunder were in a wretched condition when they arrived.

James H. Moore. Raleigh, N. C.—Not responsible for the Editorials in the *Standard*.—Was at Salisbury while the prisoners of war were there. Was a mail agent on the N. C. R. R. It was very difficult to get anything in the way of provisions.

After some things I had bought were impressed, I used to take flour in the mail bags. At Concord, an acquaintance of mine put bacon in his trunks, but Myers seized it. Impressing officers of Maj. Myers were at all the depots. Three barrels of flour that I had purchased were seized by Maj. Myers, for the use of the prison, he said, and I could not get it back.

G. P. Poulton, witness for the prosecution, recalled for the defence: Was Hospital Steward at Salisbury. When the mass of prisoners arrived, the hospital fund was the only means we had, and that was limited. We had a very small quantity of hospital clothing or bedding. Such supplies came from the Medical Purveyor at Charlotte, upon the requisition of the Surgeon in charge. We made our requisitions according to the sick list. The first one made was, I think, complied with. It included the prisoners of war. There was then no distinction between the hospital outside and inside.

The delicacies were purchased with the hospital fund accumulated from the commutation of rations—chickens, eggs, butter and all other things not required to be furnished by the Commissary department. We frequently purchased articles out of the hospital fund that we were not allowed to purchase, and charged them on the hospital fund as provisions. We bought in this way a stove and two cows, which we charged as "bacon."

Hospital requisitions were made there up to the time I left. The sick increased rapidly.—The room was small, and I do not think we had shelter for the full number of the sick. We did the best we could. We issued them all we had.

From the quartermaster we never could obtain anything; and very little from the commissary after the latter part of November. The only thing I could ever get from the quartermaster was a little straw. Could not always get that. They said they made every effort to get it. The only assistance I needed from Maj. Gee was to get men to carry provisions from the outside hospital to the inside one. He always gave them to me and let me select them. Davis and Kaufman were paroled to assist in the hospital. They were never under guard, and had ingress at will. Kaufman put up prescriptions, and Davis superintended the carrying in of provisions, and reported to the hospital clerk all the sick inside the stockade. This duty was imposed by the Surgeon in charge.—He visited the prison once a day, regularly.—Dr. Currey had from four to five assistants.—Duty of one was at No. 9; and the rest were confined exclusively to those inside. Up to the time I left there were very few sick in tents.

There had been requisitions on several quartermasters for a 2 horse-waggon to forage in the country for the hospital fund.

The wood to the hospitals was hauled in by waggons.

I only saw one squad on the day the prisoners arrived. The fence was commenced before they came—don't know how long after it was finished. We made requisitions for stoves, but never got any, did not get one. Several times we made requisitions for bunks. Dr. Currey urged upon the quartermaster that they were absolutely necessary.

We were able to get water from well in front of No. 9; it was guarded; up to the time that I left, the sick had sufficient water. When the balance of the hospital fund at the end of the month exceeded $5,000, it was turned over to the Treasurer. We could not expend this fund because there were not the things brought in that we were allowed to purchase. We tried to spend it.

Dr. Currey was under command of Surgeon Hines, Medical Director of the State.

[Witness reads from hospital book a letter of Dr. Currey's asking for three assistant surgeons.]

When the prisoners first came he had no assistance.

Adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M. on Monday.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—J. H. Lassiter, Treas., publishes the Plans and Specifications for the proposed Tobacco Factory at Henderson.

B. P. Williamson & Co are on hand with a lot of North Carolina herrings and shad.

The General meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of North Carolina will be held in this City, on the 14th prox.

See Professional Card of Hon. Thomas Bragg.

R. G. Lewis, Attorney at Law, offers a set of Supreme Court Reports, and other law books, for sale.

MEETING OF LADIES—THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.—We are pleased to be able to announce that the ladies of Raleigh have adopted our suggestion of holding a meeting on Thursday, the 10th,—the anniversary of the death of Jackson,—for the purpose of organizing an association and taking other steps for the purpose of bestowing proper care upon the graves of our dead soldiers in and around the city.

We are requested to state that the ladies will meet, at 11 o'clock, on that day, in the Senate Chamber, the use of which, for the occasion, has been kindly granted by his Excellency, the Governor. Let there be a full attendance.

THE TABLEAUX TO-NIGHT.—We hope that our citizens will not forget the Ladies' Tableaux to come off to-night at the Chapel of the Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and the Blind. We publish below the attractive programme for the occasion, and, from what we know of the preparations that have been made, we can promise the community an exceedingly charming entertainment. Remember the pious and patriotic object of the exhibition, and let it not be said, while all other portions of the South are vieing with each other in the holy work of guarding the ashes of our noble dead, that our own City of Raleigh is backward in the generous emulation:

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

I. Jean Nicot presenting the Tobacco Plant to Queen Catherine de Medicis.
II. Two Scenes from Cinderella.
III. Arrest of Lady Jane Grey.
IV. Card Players. (Wilkie)
V. Night and Morning.
VI. Helen MacGregor hearing of the capture of Rob Roy.
VII. Bottom and Titania. (Midsummer Night's Dream.)

PART II.

I. The Slave Merchant. (Three Scenes.)
II. Sir. Walter Raleigh parting with his Wife.
III. Militia Drill. (Georgia Scenes.)
IV. The Prophet of St. Paul's.
V. Guerilla Council of War. (Wilkie.)
VI. Azim in the Hall of the Veiled Prophet.

Tickets may be procured at the store of the Messrs. McKimmon.

EXCURSION.—The Pupils and Teachers of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind started, this morning, on an excursion to Morehead City. The authorities of the N. C. and Atlantic Roads kindly granted them a free ride, and the Principal accordingly indulged them with this jaunt to the ocean. They will doubtless have a nice time.

ANOTHER HERO BROUGHT HOME.—Major Henry M. Miller, chief Way Bill Clerk of the Southern Express Co., at Richmond, has just returned from Gettysburg, Penn., bringing with him, for re-interment in Northampton Co., the remains of the gallant Col. H. K. Burgwyn, of the Twenty-Sixth North Carolina regiment, who fell at the head of his column, half way up the heights, in that awful contest of July, 1863.—Major Miller had no difficulty in finding the burial spot, having been one of the number who interred the body. The graves of hundreds of Confederate dead who fell there have been ploughed over, and the head-boards scattered around, but the grave of Col. Burgwyn had been sacredly protected by the gentleman on whose grounds he was buried.

The *Examiner* says:

"Major Miller speaks in the most complimentary terms of the treatment he received at the hands of the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity. He was entertained at the private residence of Jesse Walters, Esq., and was not permitted to pay for any item of expense that his visit incurred.

The Southern Express Company, with the liberality that is characteristic of its officers, not only gave Major Miller a furlough from his duties to enable him to fulfill his mournful mission, but awarded the corpse free transportation to North Carolina, and all expenses were paid by them."

SUPERIOR COURTS.—Northampton Court was in session last week.—his Honor, Judge Fowle, presiding. Moses' law was administered to six culprits, convicted of theft.

Pasquotank Court was in session week before last, Judge Barnes presiding. Several criminal cases of old standing were brought up and dismissed for want of papers which were destroyed by white and colored Federal soldiers during the late war.

John W. Newman, a senior reserve, who had been imprisoned in Stokes County, on a charge of murdering Henry Ballard, while on duty in the supporting force in Guilford County, and taken to Greensboro on a writ of *habeas corpus*, returnable before Judge Gilliam, has been discharged by his Honor.

Gens. Steedman and Fullerton spent Saturday in Wilmington, and were called upon by large numbers of citizens, Gen. Steedman stated, as we learn from the *Dispatch*, that the only instance of actual cruelty to negroes, that had come under his observation, was at Newbern, where an officer *(a Chaplain from Massachusetts)* of the Bureau had perpetrated on the unfortunate creatures, whom he had been sent there to protect, the severest barbarities.

GEN. ROBT. RANSOM.—The Wilmington *Journal* says:

"We are officially authorized to state that a telegram was received here yesterday, from Maj. General Ruger, commanding the Department of North Carolina, re instating Gen. Robert Ransom as Marshal of this city. It was sincerely regretted that he was removed at a time when his services were most needed, but his re-instatement will be gratifying to his many friends, and the city will again receive the benefit of his energy and intelligence. Gen. Ransom was re-instated without any reason being given, as he was relieved without sufficient cause."

LAST MAN OF THE RETREATING ARMY.—We published, some time since, an article from the Petersburg *Index*, relative to a North Carolina soldier who was killed at Pocahontas Bridge, during the retreat. But the name of the gallant soldier was not mentioned. A correspondent of the Charlotte *Times* says that his name was CUMMINGS MEBANE, son of the late Rev. W. N. Mebane, of Madison, N. C., and adds:

"It affords me pleasure to give the particulars of his death. On the night of the retreat of Gen. Lee's army, Pocahontas Bridge was left in charge of a Lieutenant and a small body of infantry, with instructions to burn the bridge as soon as the troops crossed. Before all the troops had crossed over the enemy had commenced shelling the bridge, and it was exceedingly dangerous for any one to approach it. At this juncture volunteers were called for to fire the bridge, when young Mebane and Lindsay Wall, of Rockingham, stepped forward and offered their services. Young Mebane, notwithstanding the shot and shell were raking the bridge, reached its middle, and while applying the match was shot through the body with a grape shot. He walked back to the bank and expired in a few moments. Although only 16 years old he was as cool, intrepid and daring as a veteran of fifty summers. I agree with you and the *Index* that his remains should be undisturbed and a monument erected to his heroic memory."

E. H. POGUE,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in

TIN WARE,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

Attention of Merchants invited, and orders solicited. WANTED—Two good Tinners. Apply to, or addr ss E. H. POGUE,

Feb 22, 165, 3ms. Hillsboro, N. C.

Sugar.

REFINED and Cuba Sugar for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

CONFECTIONARIES!

FRUITS!

SEGARS!

TOBACCO!

WM. SIMPSON

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, Is always supplied with FRESH CANDIES, FRUITS, NUTS, NOTIONS, SEGARS, TOBACCO, &c, &c, which he invites the public to call and look at, even if they don't want to buy.

P. S. The sparkling SODA FOUNTAIN is in constant play.

April 30-tf

FOR SALE!

PARLOR AND BED ROOM FURNITURE, Mattresses, &c., &c.

Apply next door east of Standard office, to

May 7-3t MRS. M. D. PEIRCE.

A LAMANCE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

SIX MILES FROM GREENSBORO, N. C.

Is under the supervision of the Subscriber, and taught by GEORGE P. DIXON, Graduate of the University of N. C.

The community is moral and healthy, and the prices of board and tuition moderate.

For further information, address,

C. H. WILEY,

May 7 d1t&w1t* Greensboro, N. C.

A FOUR HORSE-POWER STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE.

I will sell the above Engine, which can be seen at any time on application to me or at the Sentinel Office, on good terms, if early application be made.

WM. H. CUNNINGGIM.

Raleigh, May 7-1w

An Extraordinary Statement in Regard to Rheumatism and Pleurisy.

Peter Vaden, Esq., Dinwiddie county, Va., (Nov. 6, 1865,) says: "In August 1857, my wife, aged 66 years, was taken ill with what the doctor called a Bilious Rheumatism affecting her whole system; rendering her entirely helpless, so much so, that she had to be lifted and fed as an infant, for the pace of three months, suffering the most excruciating pain; her hands drawn out of shape and stiff, so that she could not use them. After all other remedies failed, in January 1858, I was advised to get the SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS for her. She used the Pills strictly according to the directions accompanying them, and we soon discovered a change for the better, and in one month's using she was well, and continued so up to the present time; has become fleshy, cheerful, and as active as one could be of her age. One of my servants was taken with a violent attack of Bilious Pleurisy. I gave him those Pills, and in about ten days he was up and at his work; said that he felt as well as he ever did, and has continued well ever since.—Another was taken with Pleurisy. I gave the Pills, and she was well and at her work in ten days after she commenced using them. My Doctor's bill has been heretofore from $175 to 200 per year. I have used them in my family, which consists of eighteen white and colored, and have not called in a doctor during the year. This is a great saving. They certainly are the best family medicine ever discovered. After a fair trial, I can recommend them as such."

☞ For sale by the Druggists. Directions accompany each box. Sent to any part of the United States for $3 per dozen. Address,

GEORGE W. DEEMS & CO.,

may 3-tf Baltimore, Md.

A NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE!

DR. MAGGIEL is the founder of a new Medical System! The quantitarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the man who restores health and appetite, with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent sores with a box or so of his wonderful and all healing Salve. These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast supersecting all the ever-varied nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the (so called) remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box fail taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Maggiel's Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits light and buoyant! There is no griping, and no reaction in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected, its functions are restored; and if the nervous system is feeble it is invigorated. This last quality makes the medicines very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Ulcerous and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant power of Maggiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that **Maggiel's Bilious, Dyspeptic and Diarrhea Pills** cure where all others fail. While for Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Cuts and all abrasions of the skin Maggiel's Salve is infallible. Sold by J. MAGGIEL, 4 Fulton Street, New York, and all Druggists, at 25 cts. per box. Sold by all Druggists in Raleigh.

April 19tf

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN C. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina	30
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	13
" Lexington at Graham	15
" Roxborough	25
" Wadesborough	10
" Thomasville	15
" Wilmington	10
" Commerce	10
" Washington	5
" Fayetteville	7
" Clarendon	5
" Yanceyville	6
Miners' and Planters' Bank	15
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	15
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	12
Merchants' Bank, Newbern	25
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20
Gold	124
Silver	120
Old Coupons	50
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	75
Old Sixes	81
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	14
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	5
" Fayetteville	6
" Lexington	15
" North Carolina [Gold]	25
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	15
" Wadesboro	13
" Wilmington	10
" Washington	5
" Yanceyville	5
Commercial Wilmington	12
Farmers' Greensboro	15
Merchants', Newbern	25
Miners' and Planters'	15
Virginia Bank notes, average	15
South Carolina "	13
Georgia "	10
Gold	123
Silver	117
Old North Carolina Coupons	50
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
North Carolina 6's, ten Coupons on	80
Exchange on New York	¼

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY JORDAN WOMBLE

GROCER,

No. 8, Hargett Street.

APPLES—Dried	$2 00 @ 2 50
Green	2 50 @ bush
BEEF	12-15cc ₩ lb
BACON	18@20lb dull
BUTTER	40@50c. ₩ lb
BLUESTONE	40c. ₩ lb
BEESWAX	30c ₩ lb
CANDLES	40 ₩ lb
COTTON YARN	3 50 ₩ bale.
COTTON	25@30c ₩ lb
CHEESE	30c ₩ lb
CHICKENS	50 60c each
COFFEE	50c ₩ lb
CORN	120 125 ₩ bush
EGGS	20@25 ₩ doz
FRESH PORK	12½@16c ₩ lb
FODDER	2 25 2 50 ₩ cwt.
FLOUR—Superfine	10 50 ₩ bbl
Family	13 00 ₩ bbl.
HIDES—Green	10c ₩ lb
Dry	15c ₩ lb
HAY	2 00@2 25 ₩ cwt.
LARD	20@25c ₩ lb
MEAL	1 25 130 ₩ bush
MULLETS	12 00 ₩ bbl
MACKEREL	20 00 ₩ bbl
HERRINGS	9 00 ₩ bbl
NAILS	12½c ₩ lb
ONIONS	2 00 ₩ bush
PEACHES—Dried	12½@15 ₩ lb
PEAS—White	1 25@140 bush
Stock	1 00-120 ₩ bush
POTATOES—Irish	1 50 to 2 50 ₩ bush.
Sweet	1 25 ₩ bush.
SUGAR—Crushed	30c ₩ lb
Brown	18 to 20c ₩ lb
MOLASSES	80 to 85 ₩ gal.
RAGS	3c ₩ lb
SODA—Cooking	20c ₩ lb

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. CO.,

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C., April 19 1866.

Trains run as follows:

Passenger Trains Leave Raleigh 4 30 A. M.
" " Arrive at Weldon, 11 00 "
" " Leave Weldon 1 30 P. M.
" " Arrive at Raleigh 8 30 P. M.

Freight & Accommodation Trains Leave Raleigh on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 00 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon, 5 00 P. M.
Leave Weldon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5 00 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh 4 00 P. M.

ALBERT JOHNSON, Genl. Supt.

April 23-tf

Standard and Progress copy till forbid.

MAGGIEL'S CHILLS AND FEVER PILLS!

Maggiel's Fever and Ague Pills!!

MAGGIEL'S FEVER AND AGUE PILLS!!

THESE famous remedies, known throughout the great West of the United States for their extraordinary cures of

CHILLS, FEVER AND AGUE

are now thoroughly introduced in the State of North Carolina and can be obtained of all enterprising, first class druggists.

They act as a tonic to all debilitated systems, taken in doses of

One Pill Three Times A Day,

before meals, and should be found in every family residing in miasmatic districts.

To any skeptic or one who does not believe in these marvellous preparations,

A Box Will be sent Free.

If he is not cured with one and not more than two boxes, no charge will be made. The price of the Pills is high—say

$2 PER BOX;

but as they are a perfect cure without trouble or inconvenience, the charge is reasonable enough.

Address J. MAGGIEL, M. D., 43 Fulton St. New York.

CAUTION.

Watch narrowly and guard yourselves vigilantly against counterfeits. I have just suppressed a notorious counterfeit in Wisconsin, after much trouble and expense. Purchase of only first class druggists and never of peddlers or traveling dealers.

April 21-4m

BOARDING HOUSE!

MRS. M. J. FENTRESS

CAN accommodate members of the Convention and other regular boarders at

$1.50 PER DAY,

Those who reside in the city will find it convenient to business and can procure board at

$1.00 PER DAY.

April 30-tf

WANTED

GOLD, COPPER and other mineral Lands, located in Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee. Parties desiring to sell lands or mining leases as above, at fair prices, will find purchasers by furnishing me full descriptions, with lowest price and terms. Address

JOHN F. PICKRELL,

No. 64 Broadway, New York City.

April 28-sw1m

JAMES W. OSBORNE RUFUS BARRINGER

OSBORNE & BARRINGER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

April 27-d6t-sw2m*

A BOON TO THE SICK AND THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS AND SALVE.

These Life-giving remedies are now given publicly to the world. For over a quarter of a century of private practice the ingredients in these

LIFE-GIVING PILLS!

Have been used with the greatest success. Their mission is not only to prevent disease, but to cure. They search out the various maladies by which the patient is suffering and re invigorate the failing system. To the aged and infirm a few doses of these valuable PILLS will prove to be

A VERY FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH,

For in every case they add new life and vitality, and restore the waning energies to their pristine state.—To the young and middle-aged they will prove most invaluable, as a ready, specific and sterling medicine. Here is a dream realized, that Ponce de Leon sought for three hundred years ago, and never found. He looked for a fountain that would restore the old to vigor and make youth ever

An Eternal Spring!

It was left for this day and hour to realize the dream, and show in one glorious fact, that magic that made it fair.

THESE FAMOUS REMEDIES

Cannot stay the flight of years, but they can force back, and hold aloof, diseases that might triumph over the aged and the young. Let none hesitate then, but seize the favorable opportunity the offers. When taken as prescribed—

FOR BILLIOUS DISORDERS

Nothing can be more productive of cure than these Pills. Their almost magic influence is felt at once; and the usual concomitants of this most distressing disease are removed. These remedies are made from the purest

VEGETABLE COMPOUNDS.

They will not harm the most delicate female, and can be given with good effect in prescribed doses to the youngest babe.

FOR CUTANEOUS DISORDERS

And all eruptions of the skin, the SALVE is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very root of the evil!

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS.

Invariably cure the following Diseases.

Asthma,
Bowel Complaints,
Coughs,
Colds,
Chest Diseases,
Costiveness,
Dyspepsia,
Diarrhœa,
Dropsy,
Debility,
Female Complaints, Fever and Ague
Headache,
Indigestion,
Influenza,
Inflammation,
Inward weakness,
Liver Complaint,
Lowness of Spirits,
Rheumatism,
Salt Rheum,
Scalds,
Skin Diseases.

☞ **Notice.**—None genuine without the engraved trade mark around each paper box, signed by DR. J. MAGGIEL, 43 Fulton st., New York, to counterfeit which is felony.

☞ Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and Canadas—at 25 cents per box or pot.

April 19-tf

SODA WATER!

SODA WATER!!

A FAMOUS FOUNTAIN

In full operation at

WM. SIMPSON'S,

Fayetteville St.,

April 30-tf

HEALING SPRINGS,

BATH COUNTY, VA.

This celebrated WATERING PLACE will be opened to visitors on the 1st June next.

It gives the undersigned great pleasure to inform the public that, with liberal expenditures by the proprietors, the attractions for the coming season will be such as to gratify both the invalid and those in search of pleasure.

The principal buildings are extensive and substantial, and, with beautiful cottages, will furnish comfortable accommodations for three hundred visitors.—They have all been painted and put in thorough repair, and the Bedding and Furniture in every department is new. The medicinal virtues of the waters are so generally and favorably known that it would be superfluous to enter into an elaborate statement on that subject; their efficacy is attested by numbers, who have found relief at this fountain of health from some of the most distressing maladies to which the human family is subject. For a detailed and particular account of the properties of the waters and their effects, reference is made to a pamphlet to be had on application in person or by letter to Messrs. Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond, who will always have a supply of the water for sale.

Complete arrangements have been made for Hot and Cold, Spout and Shower Baths, and Plunge Baths; and, in addition to the mineral waters, an abundant supply of the purest freestone water has been brought from a spring in the mountains, a mile distant, and at an elevation of a thousand feet. Every advantage has been taken of the flow of water to arrange for the comfort of visitors.

These Springs are delightfully situated in Bath county, surrounded by the most beautiful and picturesque scenery, and present altogether attractions at least equal to any place in the mountains of Virginia, occupying a central position in the group of mineral springs for which this portion of Virginia is so justly celebrated.

Three miles from the Hot Springs, eight from the Warm, thirteen from the Bath Alum, and twenty-eight from the Rockbridge Alum, they are of easy access by the Central Railroad and its connections to Milboro' Depot, and thence by stages over a fine turnpike road twenty-three miles to the Springs, passing on the route by the Bath Alum, the Warm and the Hot Springs, and crossing the Warm Springs Mountain. Every part of this route is connected with historical incidents of great interest, and the scenery is of unsurpassed beauty and grandeur.

A Physician, experienced in the use and effects of the waters will reside at the Springs.

By the 1st of June there will be a daily mail, and a daily line of stages from Milboro' to the Springs.

The price of Board will be three dollars per day; children and servants in proportion. A deduction of 10 per cent. made on all bills for 30 days or over.

The Agent will spare no pains to render the place a comfortable and agreeable home and flatters himself, from his long experience and the advantages of the place, that he will be able to give satisfaction.

May 5-1aw2w S. A. PORTER, Agent.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. T. CARRAWAY

NORTH CAROLINA

AGRICULTURAL HOUSE AND HARDWARE STORE.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

22 Pollock Street, Newbern, N. C.
Water Street, Wilmington, "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of

Farmers',
Millers,
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,

AND OTHER

Hardware
Agricultural Implements.
Leather and Rubber Belting
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.

and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of

Machinery or Castings.

Agents for

R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.

Jan. 30, 145, tf.

WHO WANTS A PIANO?

SEVERAL Patrons of the Concord Female College have requested my aid in securing good

PIANOS

for their use. This has induced me to make arrangements with some of the best manufacturers, which enable me to furnish instruments of the *first class* at reduced prices. I can save each purchaser from $40 to $100. Price lists of the manufacturers will be sent to those who desire them, to aid them in making selections.

When selections shall have been made the money can be sent to me, at my expense, by the Southern Express, and a Piano will be shipped to the Depot the purchaser may designate. Each Piano sold will be fully warranted. Address me at Statesville, N. C.

J. M. M. CALDWELL.

April 27-1aw6m.

S. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office over A. E. Hall's Store,

No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,

Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6, 1865-26-tf

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP,

By Saving and Using your Waste Grease.

BUY ONE BOX OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER,

Or, CONCENTRATED LYE.

IT will make 10 pounds of excellent Hard Soap, or 25 gallons of the very best Soft Soap, for only about 35 cents. Directions on each box. For sale at all Drug and Grocery stores, and in lots at wholesale by

WM. M. ELLICOTT & SONS,

No. 3 Spear's Wharf,

Feb 28, 170, 3m Baltimore, Md.

HO! FOR THE MINERAL SPRING.

THE SEASON FOR THE CITY,

MINERAL SPRING,

Opened on the first of May. The water is pronounced by good judges to be equal to any in the country.—Hundreds are now enjoying its waters. My arrangements are made for the accommodation of the public.

Price of Family Ticket for the season—$40 00
Ticket for single person 1 00

All who do not buy a season ticket pay for each admission $cts.

Ladies and gentlemen may rely upon my efforts to please.

MADISON RAND.

Raleigh, May 4-1w

THE SENTINEL.

WM. B. PELL, Proprietor.

JUST ARRIVED

AT TUCKERS'

3000 Yds. English & American Prints,
1000 " Fancy French, do
500 " Double purple do
500 " Black & White do

NEW STYLE BLACK SILK WRAPPINGS,
Extra Long & Large Trail Hoops,
—ALSO—
4-4 6-4 8-4 & 10-4 Black Grenadines,
Fine Lot, Full and Second Mourning

DRESS GOODS.
1 Case Fine Family Linens.
4-4 Bleached Domestics at 25cts.

FANS FANS FANS!
From 10cts. to $1 50.
Daily acquisitions to our stock.
Remember, TUCKER'S is the place to buy your goods.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
April 26.

B. W. CONANT, Portsmouth, Va., J. B. HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C.

E. R. HUNTER,
WITH
CONANT & HUNTER,
General Commission Merchants
No. 50 High St., Portsmouth, Va.,

We are located at the terminus of the Seaboard & Roanoke, R. R., where we are at all times in readiness to receive consignments of Produce, Merchandize &c., fill orders and forward goods
Liberal advances made on consignments. Charges moderate
Direct shipments made to Liverpool or any European port.
REFER TO: R. W. Lassiter, President R. & G. R. R. Co., Albert Johnson, Supt. R. & G. R. Co., and W. E. Pell, Editor Sentinel.
April 24 3m

VALUABLE ENFIELD PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Will be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 19th. May next, that valuable property belonging to the late firm of Bell, Maner & Co. The lot will be divided into two, one of which has that large and commodious Store and Ware House. The other lot has no improvement, but is most eligibly situated for building purposes. Each lot will be sold separately.
Further particulars and terms made known on the day of sale.
JNO. P. McAULIFFE,
Agent of Bell, Maner & Co.
Enfield, N. C. April 23td.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD OFFICE.

COMPANY SHOPS, April 30th. 1866.

It having been ascertained that the Coupons of the following Bonds, of date March 1, 1866, were stolen from the Hon. Thomas Ruffin, they will not be paid unless presented by the holder and owner of the Bonds:
Coupons: Nos 83, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 112, 113, 116, 129, 130, 131, 132, 450, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 491.
E. WILKES,
Eng. & Supt.
The above coupons are my property, and all persons are hereby forewarned from receiving them.
May 2-1w* GEO. W. MORDECAI.

SECOND GREAT TRADE SALE AT AUCTION,

OF BOOTS, SHOES & HATS.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., beg leave to announce, that in consequence of the success of their great sale of Boots & Shoes last week, and of the general satisfaction given to the trade, they will sell again at auction, at their Store on Fayetteville Street, on Monday the 16th. day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,
40 Cases Men's, Women's, Misses & Boys Boots, Shoes, Brogans &c.
ALSO
20 or 30 Cases gentlemen's Hats,
of the latest styles and finest quality.
A catalogue for the use of the Trade, will be published and distributed before the Sale.
Raleigh, April 30-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

AT NO. 44. FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Plain and Plated Casters,
Painted and Ornamented Toilette Sets,
Fire Proof Tea Pots,
Handsome Tea Trays,
J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh April 28-tf.

OATS & HAY!!

Large consignments of Oats and Hay, in Store
At
J. J. LITCHFORD'S
May 2 3t

LUMBER!!

Persons in want of Lumber can be supplied in any quantity by applying At
May 2-3t J. J. LITCHFORD'S

IMPORTANT TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at my office until the 10th inst. for the building of a Brick Tobacco Factory in the Town of Henderson N. C. Said building to be 100 x 40 feet, three stories, 12, 10 and 8 feet pitch. Brick cornice, shingle roof, tin gutters, two flight steps from each floor, building to have 60 openings, turn key job. Plan and specifications in full may be had at my office.
Bond and security required, to complete the job in a workmanlike manner, and in the time agreed on. All proposals will be opened on the 10th. inst., at 10 o'clock in the office of Geo. B. Harris, Esq., in the presence of the Board of Directors. Proposals must be directed to James H. Lassiter, "Henderson, N. C." endorsed on the envelope "proposals to build Factory."
JAMES H. LASSITER,
May 2-6t Treasurer of the Board.

COTTON GINS MADE OR REPAIRED!

I am now prepared to furnish or repair COTTON GINS.
All who wish to purchase or have repairs made, will do well to notify me immediately, in order that the demand upon me at any one time may not be too great. Address,
SAM'L ROWLAND,
April 11-206-1m Raleigh N C

MERRY CHIMES.

A NEW JUVENILE MUSIC BOOK.

By L. O. Emerson, Author of "Golden Wreath," "Harp of Judah," &c. Containing Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises and Several Hundred Popular Songs, Superior to all Similar Works in many essential points and destined to be the Most Popular and Saleable Books for Schools, Seminaries, and the Young Folks at Home ever published. The Songs are not old and time worn, but New, Fresh, and Sparkling, suited to all occasions and Alive with the Spirit of the Times. A large number now first appear in print. Specimen pages, containing several choice pieces, will be sent to any one on application. Price of "Merry Chimes" 50 cents $5.00 a dozen. OLIVER DITSON & Co., Publishers, 277 Washington St., Boston.
May 3 tcs

Fresh Best Carolina Rice.

30 CASKS prime quality, just received ex Schooner C. E. Page from Charleston for sale by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
March 13 181,

REMOVAL!
NEW STOCK!
NEW STORE!
SPLENDID LIGHT!
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT AND THE
Lowest Prices are the Great Inducements
For Buying your
DRY GOODS,
AT
THOMAS SMITH'S NEW STORE,
25 Sycamore Street.

1866. SPRING TRADE. 1866.

IN OPENING THE
SPRING TRADE,
I would return my most grateful thanks to the citizens of Petersburg and the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage extended the past season, and hope to merit its further continuance by holding out still further inducements.
My present facilities are beyond doubt unequalled, and no effort will be spared to place before our patrons Goods
AT THE LOWEST PRICE,
that the present market value will admit of, and in many instances much below, as we are constantly represented at the large auction sales, where goods are frequently sold much less than cost of importation. These, with
Many Other Available Facilities,
I pledge myself to use to the best interest of our customers.
The stock is now much larger and better assorted than at any time previous, having added a complete assortment of
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
Among them the most elegant
Satin Damask,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Wine Cloths,
Piano and Table Covers,
Stair Linen,
Linen Druggets,
Table Linen,
Napkins, Doilies,
Towels, Crash
—ALSO—
WHITE GOODS,
Of which I have always kept a good stock, is now replete with everything the market affords. Besides, a very handsome stock of
Needlework,
Edgings, Insertings,
Laces and Embroideries.
THE STOCK OF
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Must be seen to be appreciated, I therefore invite all to an inspection, and in catering so well for the ladies, I would assure the gentlemen they have not been forgotten. The assortment of
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
—AND—
Furnishing Goods Generally,
Is complete, and it is hoped those in want of goods of this class will not fail to give us a call.
To the Merchants of
Virginia and North Carolina,
who have so liberally patronized us the past season, I return my most grateful thanks, and solicit an early call, assuring them they will find our goods at as low prices as any house North or South.
THOMAS SMITH,
25 Sycamore Street,
Petersburg, Va.

I have secured the Agency for the States of Virginia and North Carolina, for the sale of the
FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.
It is undoubtedly the best Family Sewing Machine in existence.
Read the following recommendations:
1st.
Its Simplicity and Great Range of Work.
2nd.
Its making four different Stitches, viz: Lock, Knot Double Lock, Double Knot.
3rd.
The Reverse Feed Motion, operated by simply turning a thumb screw, enabling the operator to run the work to the right or to the left, and convenience of self-fastening the ends of seams.
4th.
The Perfect Finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made.
5th.
The Rapidity of its Working, and the quality of the work done.
6th.
Its Self-Adjusting Tension.
It makes the
Celebrated Elastic Stitch.
BUY
THE BEST!
LOOK BEFORE YOU BUY!!
IT MAKES
NO NOISE
WHILE RUNNING
☞ One thing is settled beyond a doubt: persons wanting **Sewing Machines**, no longer hesitate which to buy. The FLORENCE leads the world It needs only to be seen to be appreciated
AGENTS WANTED,
In every town in Virginia and North Carolina
March 17-4, tf

[OFFICIAL.]

SCHEDULE OF STAMP DUTIES.

FROM AND AFTER AUGUST 1, 1864.

Acknoweldgement,

Of deeds — exempt.

Affidavit.

Affidavit — 5 cts.
Affidavit in suits or legal proceedings — exempt.

Agreement,

Or Appraisment (for each sheet, or piece of paper on which the same is written) — 5cts.

Assignment,

Or transfer of mortgage, lease, or policy of insurance, the same duty as the original instrument
Assignment of patent right — 5cts.

Bank Checks,

Drafts or orders, &c., at sight or on demand — 2cts.

Bills of Exchange,

[FOREIGN.]

[Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, each bill of set of three or more, must be stamped.
For every bill of each set, where the sum made payable does not exceed one hundred dollars, or the equivalent thereof in any foreign currency in which such bills may be expressed, according to the standard of value fixed by the United States — 2cts
For every additional hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one hundred dollars — 2cts
(Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, (if drawn singly or in duplicate,) pay the same duty as Inland Bills of Exchange.
[The acceptor or acceptors of any Bill of Exchange, or order for the payment of any sum of money drawn, or purporting to be drawn, in any foreign country, but payable in the United States, must, before paying or accepting the same, place thereupon a stamp indicating the duty.]

Bills of Exchange,

[INLAND.]

(Inland, draft or order) payable otherwise than at sight or on demand and any promissory note, whether payable on demand or at a time designated, (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment,) for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 cts
For every additional $100, or fractional part thereof — 5 cts.
[The warrant of attorney to confess judgment on a note or bond is exempt from stamp duty, if the note or bond is properly stamped.]

Bills of Lading,

Of vessels from ports of the United States to British North America — exempt
Bills of lading or receipt for goods to any part of the United States — 10 cts

Bills of Sale.

Of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed five hundred dollars — 50 cts.
Bill of sale exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000 — $1 00
Bill of Sale exceeding $1,000, for each $1,000, or fractional part thereof — 50cts.
Bills of Sale of personal property, other than ship or vessel.) — 5 cts

Bonds,

Personal for the payment of money. (See Mortgage.)
Bond, official — $1 00
Bond for indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where ultimately recoverable thereupon is $1,000, or less — 50 cts.
Bond where the money recoverable exceeds $1,000, or fractional part thereof — 50 cts.
Bond of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this Schedule — 25 cts.

Certificates,

Of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 1 cts.
Certificates of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 cts.
Certificates of stock in an incorporated company — 25 cts.
Certificates general. — 5cts.
Certificates of record upon the instrument recorded — exempt.
Certificates of record upon the book — exempt.
Certificate of weight or measurement of animals, coal, wood, or other articles, except weighers' and measurers' returns — exempt.
Certificates of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of Deeds, or Notary Public — 5 cts.
Certificates of search of records — 5 cts.
Certificates that certain papers are on file. — 5 cts.
Certificates that certain papers cannot be found — 5 cts.
Certificates of redemption of land sold for taxes — 5cts
Certificates of birth, marriage, and death — 5 cts.
Certificates of qualification of school teachers — 5 cts.
Certificates of profits in an incorporated company for a sum not less than $1, and not exceeding $50 — 10 cts.
Certificates exceeding $50, and not exceeding $1,000 — 25 cts.
Certificats exceeding 1,000, for every additional $1,000 or fractional part thereof — 25cts.
Certificates of damages, or otherwise, and all other certificates for documents, issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such — 25 cts.

Certified Transcripts,

Of judgments, satisfaction of judgments, and of all papers recorded on file — 5 cts.
(N. B.—As a general rule, every certificate which has, or may have, a legal value in any court of law or equity, will require a stamp duty of 5 cts.]

Charter Party,

Or letter, memorandum, or other writing between the captain, owner, or agent of any ship, vessel, or steamer, and any other person, relating to the charter of the same, if the registered tonnage of said ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed one hundred and fifty tons — $1 00
Charter party exceeding one hundred and fifty tons, and not exceeding three hundred tons — $3 00
Charter party exceeding three hundred tons, and not exceeding six hundred tons — $5 00
Charter party exceeding six hundred tons. — $10 00

Check,

Or order for the payment, of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand — 2 cts

Contract.

See Agreement.)
Contract, broker's. — 10 cts.

Conveyance,

Deed, instrument, or writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold, shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $300. — 50 cts.
Conveyance exceeding $300, and not exceeding $1,000. — $1 00
Conveyance for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1,000. — 50 cts.

Endorsement

Of any negotiable instrument. — exempt.

Entry

Of any goods, wares, or merchandise at any custom-house, either for consumption or warehousing, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value. — 25 cts.
Entry exceeding one hundred dollars, and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — 50 cts.
Entry exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — $1 00
Entry for withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse. — 50 cts.

Gauger

Returns, if for quantity not exceeding 500 gallons, gross. — 10 cts.
Gauger, exceeding 500 gallons. — 25 cts.

Insurance.

(Marine, Inland, and Fire,) when the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed $1. — 10 cts
Insurance, exceeding $10, and not exceeding $50. — 25 cts.
Insurance, exceeding $50. — 50 cts.
Insurance (Life,) when the amount insured does not exceed $1000. — 25 cts
Insurance, exceeding $1,000, and not exceeding $5,000. — 50 cts.
Insurance, exceeding $5000. — $1 00
Insurance, limited to injury to persons while traveling. — exempt.

Lease,

Of lands or tenements, where rent does not exceed $300 per annum. — 50 cts.
Lease exceeding $300, for each additional $200 or fractional part thereof in excess of $3 0. — 50 cts.
Lease perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance," the stamp duty to be measured by resolving the annual rental into a capital sum
Lease, clause of guaranty of payment of rent, incorporated or indorsed, five cents additional.

Manifest,

For custom house entry or clearance of the cargo of any ship, vessel, or steamer for a foreign port, if the registered tonnage of such ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed 300 tons. — $1 00
Manifest exceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons. — 3 00
Manifest exceeding 600 tons. — 5 00

Measurers' Returns,

If or quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels — 10 cts.
Measurers' Returns exceeding one thousand bushels. — 25 cts.

Mortgage,

Trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100, and not exceeding $500. — 50 cts.
Mortgage exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $500. — 50 cts.

Pawners' Checks.

Pawners' Checks. — 5 cts.

Pension Paper.

Powers of attorney, and all other papers relating to applications for bounties, arrearages of pay or pensions, or to receipt thereof. — exempt.

Passage Tickets,

From the United States to a foreign port costing not more than $35. — 50 cts.
Passage Ticket from the United States to a foreign port, costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50. — $1 00
Passage Ticket for every additional $50, or fractional part thereof in excess of $50. — $1 00

Power of Attorney,

To sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends the con. — 25 cts.
Power of Attorney to vote at election of incorporated company — 10 cts.
Power of Attorney to receive or collect rents. — 25 cts.
Power of Attorney to sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate. — $1 00
Power of Attorney for any other purpose. — 50 cts.

Probate of Will,

Or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000. — $1 00
Probate of Will for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $2,000 — 50 cts.
Probate of Will, bonds of executors, administrators, guardians, and trustees, are each subject of a stamp duty of — $1 00
Probate of Will certificate of appointment. — 5 cts.

Protest

Upon bill, note, check, or draft. — 25 cts.

Promissory Note.

(See Bills of Exchange, Inland.)
Promissory deposit note to mutual insurance companies, when policy is subject to duty. — exempt.
Promissory Notes, renewal of, subject to same duty as an original note.

Quit Claim Deed,

To be stamped as a conveyance, except when given as a release of a mortgage by the mortgagee to the mortgagor, in which case it is exempt.

Receipts

For the payment of any sum of money or debt due exceeding $20, or for the delivery of any property — 2 cts.
Receipt for satisfaction of any mortgage or judgment or decree of any court. — exempt.

Sheriffs' Return,

Return on writ, or other process. — exempt.

Trust Deed.

Made to secure a debt, to be stamped as mortgage.
Trust Deed, conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as a conveyance.

Warehouse Receipts

For any goods, wares, or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse, not exceeding $500 in value. — 10 cts.
Warehouse Receipt exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000. — 20 cts.
Warehouse Receipt exceeding $1,000, for every additional $1 000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1,000. — 10 cts.
Warehouse Receipts for any goods, &c., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard. — 25 cts.

Writs and Legal Documents.

Writ, or other original process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity — 50 cts.
Writ, or other original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100, or over. — 50 cts.
Upon every confession of judgment or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid. — 50 cts.
Writs, or other process on appeals from justices' courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record. — 50 cts.
Warrant of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100. — 25 cts.
Warrant of distress, when amount exceeds $100. — 50 cts.
Writs, summons, and other process issued by a justice of the peace, police or municipal court, of no greater jurisdiction than a justice of the peace in the same State. — exempt.
Writs, and other process in any criminal or other suits commenced by the United States or any State. — exempt.
Official documents, instruments, and papers issued or used by officers of the United States Government. — exempt.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Scnedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.
Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.
It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp required thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whose use it is made may stamp it before it is used; but in no case can it be legally used without a stamp; and if issued after the 30th of June, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot be afterwards effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument to appropriately stamp it renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.
Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrant, publication, petition, &c., in which cases these, as the original processes, severally require stamps.
Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original processes.
The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings.
Certificates of loan, in which there shall appear any written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at a time designated, are subject to stamp duty as "Promissory Notes."
The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same stamp duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof of the amount secured by the mortgage at the time of its assignment, there must be fixed a stamp or stamps denoting a duty of fifty cents.
When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamp to which the instrument is liable under the law may be affixed and canceled by any one of the parties.
In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.
No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required; and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rate required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case, a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE
Underwriters' Agency
OF NEW YORK,
CASH ASSETS,
Three Million Dollars
Issue Policies of
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Made payable in Gold or Currency.
Negotiable and Bankable
CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE
Are issued by this Association.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of
Whitford, Dill & Co.,
for the transaction of a Shipping and General
Commission Business,
in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.
To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandize, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.
We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.
☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.
All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.
JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.
November 29, 1865 96 6ms

D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.
WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,
Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
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Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.
AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
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PURVIS & COMPANY,
Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md
TRANSACT THE
GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE
MERCANTILE COLLECTION,
AND
STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,
In all their several departments.
We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.
We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms.
Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.
Nov 16-85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

NEWSPAPER OFFICE FOR SALE.

We will sell at a very low figure a newspaper office for a weekly paper 24x36. The press and material are new, having been used in all only about sixty days.
Address HEARNE & DUNHAM,
April 24-d&w2w Editors "North Carolinian," Wilson, N. C.

THOMAS & CO.,
Bankers,
No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.
Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.
Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.
Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.
Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.
ON HAND FOR SALE
$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100,000 Seven Thirties, [different series.]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, '62, '64 and '65 issues [
$50,000 One-Year Certificates.
Nov 16 85-tf

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH,
16 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE. | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Woo and Woolen Goods.
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Chas. P. Mallet, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank,	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

TO THE TRADE.

150 Doz. Pocket Knives all sizes and prices,
50 " Knives and Forks,
50 " Hand Saw Files,
200 " Mill " "
70 " Pad Locks,
90 " Stock "
10 " Whittemore No. 10 A Cards,
10 " Scythe Blades
5 " Grass "
10 " Sifters,
5 " Coffee Mills,
18 " Brooms,
10 " Spades,
5 " Long Handle Shovels,
5 " " " Forks,
200 Kegs "Parker Mills" Cut nails from 3's to 20's,
20 Coils Baleing Rope,
50 Kegs Mule Shoes,
20 " Horse "
200 Lbs. Horse Shoe Nails,
1000 " Bar Iron assorted sizes,
500 " Bagging Twine,
200 " Lute Wraping Twine,
50 Grindstones weighing from 80 to 2000 lbs.
In store and will be sold low.
April 16 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

GIN, RUM AND WHISKEY.

2 Doz. Holland Gin by the case or bottle,
2 " Clover Leaf " "
3 " Jamaica Rum " "
2 " Old Monongahela Whisky "
These liquors are pure and of the very best quality.
April 16-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

LIME AND SALT.

100 Bbls. Rockland Lime,
50 Sacks Fine Salt,
25 " Ground Alum Salt.
All in good order.
April 16-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

BACON AND LARD.

2000 Lbs Bright Bacon Sides,
1500 " Prime white N. C. Lard, in Kegs and Barrels
Rec'd this day at
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

CORN AND HAY.

1000 Bushels Roanoke Corn,
50 Bales best Timothy Hay.
Arriving daily!
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

FAMILY FLOUR.

30 Bbls. "Hawkins Mills,"
20 " "St. Leons "
Best in the market at
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

YARNS AND SHEETINGS.

20 Bales Cotton Yarns,
5 " 44 Brown Sheetings.
Which we will sell low to close consignment.
April 14-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS!

1 New Iron Axle Wagon, New York make, 2 horse
2 New Iron Axle Dump Carts,
2 New Iron Axle Push Carts,
15 Wheelbarrows,
10 Store or Warehouse Trucks.
All of the above are of the very best quality, and will be sold at a small advance on New York cost.
In addition to the above we keep all kinds of Plows and Plow Castings, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Axles, &c.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 18t, 166, tf

PRUSSIAN BLUE.

50 Cans 100 lbs Prussian Blue.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 1,174, tf

FOARD, BROTHER & CO.,
WHOLESALE TOBACCO HOUSE,
—AND—
GENERAL
Commission Merchants
ATLANTA, GA.
Quick Sales and Prompt Returns made.
When desired a careful messenger will accompany shipments over the broken sections of the Railroads.
O. G. FOARD, Rowan Mills, N. C.
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J. G. M'CONNAUGHEY, Salisbury, N. C.
March 13, 181, 3ms

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H. T. CLAWSON,
HOUSE, SIGN AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
AND
[Imitator of every variety of
Marble and Wood.
Gilding on Glass and Wood, and Japan Tin
Office Signs,
Executed to order, with neatness and dispatch.
THANKFUL to my friends for the very liberal patronage I have received, hope by unremitting exertions to merit a continuance of the same.
☞ Shop on third floor of North Carolina Book Store Building. Feb 1. 147. 6m.

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No. 23 N. Water St.
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April 3-190-6m